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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/998,469	11/29/2001		Narayan Solayappan	13176.403	5686
24283	7590	10/22/2003		EXAMINER	
PATTON E			PERALTA, GINETTE		
LOUISVILLE, CO 80027				ART UNIT PAPER N	
				2814	

DATE MAILED: 10/22/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Advisory Action	09/998,469	SOLAYAPPAN ET AL.
navious nation	Examin r	Art Unit
	Ginette Peralta	2814
Th MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cov r she t with th	correspondenc addr ss
THE REPLY FILED 16 September 2003 FAILS TO PLA Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1 condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appearance (1) appearance (void abandonment of this appliced in the control of	cation. A proper reply to a chiplaces the application in
PERIOD FOR RE	PLY [check either a) or b)]	
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adv event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The dath have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extens 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three moterned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE te on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 sion and the corresponding amount of the statutory period for reply originally set in	f the final rejection. E FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 136(a) and the appropriate extension fee e fee. The appropriate extension fee under the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CF		
2. \square The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered by	ecause:	
(a) \(\square\) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search ((see NOTE below);
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note by	pelow);	
(c) they are not deemed to place the application i issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mat	erially reducing or simplifying the
(d) \square they present additional claims without cancel	ing a corresponding number of	finally rejected claims.
NOTE:		
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	tion(s):	
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a s	separate, timely filed amendment
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request fo application in condition for allowance because: See		sidered but does NOT place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	cause it is not directed SOLELY	to issues which were newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we		
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		
Claim(s) allowed:		
Claim(s) objected to:		
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-46</u> .		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		
8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is		
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Stateme	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	
10. Other:	Work	
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Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: With regards to applicant's argument that Amanuma discloses combinations of hydrogen barrier layers that have one of the claimed limitations of the materials being both conducting or both insulating and that the primary materials and supplemental materials are different, it is noted that Amanuma discloses in col. 7, lines 4-7 that " a multilayer of Si3N4 and SiO2 or a film containing oxygen and nitrogen represented by SiON... is applicable for the hydrogen barrier film 12", thus Amanuma inherently teaches a hydrogen barrier comprising a multilayer, where the materials are both insulating, and the primary material and the supplemental material are different. With regards to applicant's argument that Shimada et al. uses the strontium tantalate for a different purpose and that using strontium tantalate as a hydrogen barrier layer is not recognized by Shimada et al. it is noted that the fact that Applicant uses the strontium titanate or the silicon oxide for a different purpose does not alter the conclusion that its use in a prior art device would be prima facie obvious from the purpose disclosed in the reference." In re Lintner, 173 USPQ 560. Furthermore finding a new use for a known material that does not interfere with its previous use does not hinder the use of the material as was previously used, and the newly found use is still inherent to the material as it depends from the characteristics of the material. With regards to the Kanaya reference and the Affidavit filed to show prior invention and diligence, it is noted that the Affidavit will not be considered because good and sufficient reasons why it was not earlier presented have not been shown. The Kanaya reference has been applied before the last office action mailed on 6/16/03 and this issue had never been raised, and the entry of the affidavit would require the examiner to spend significant additional time to conduct another prior art search or revise the Office action (MPEP 714.03(a)). Furthermore, "Affidavits or declarations under 37 CFR 1.131 must be timely presented in order to be admitted. Affidavits and declarations submitted under 37 CFR 1.131 and other evidence traversing rejections are considered timely if submitted: (A) prior to a final rejection; (B) before appeal in an application not having a final rejection; or (C) after final rejection and submitted (1) with a first reply after final rejection for the purpose of overcoming a new ground of rejection or requirement made in the final rejection, or (2) with a satisfactory showing under 37 CFR 1.116(b) or 37 CFR 1.195, or (3) under 37 CFR 1.129(a)." (MPEP 715.09). Thus, as the affidavit filed does not satisfy the conditions of being filed after a final rejection and submitted with a first reply after final rejection for the purpose of overcoming a new ground of rejection or requirement made in the final rejection, since the Kanaya reference alone and in combination with other references had already being applied to the claims, the Affidavit will not be taken into consideration.